

Technical Data Sheet

MODEL NO: 110RGB4

3.0*1.0*1.4 mm Side View SMD

Features :

•Package in 8mm tape on 7" diameter reel

•Compatible with automatic placement equipment

•Compatible with reflow solder process

Applications:

Indicators

•Automotive : backlighting in dashboard and switch

•Backlight for LCD

Dice material	Emitted color	Lens Color
AlGaInP/ InGaN	RGB	Water transparent

Electro-Optical Characteristics (Ta = $25^{\circ}C$)

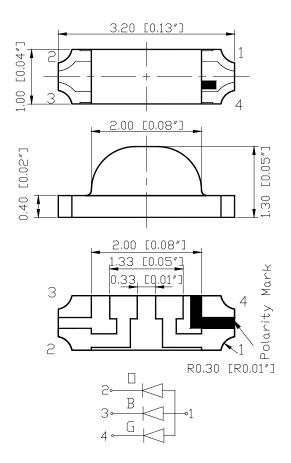
Parameter		Test Condition	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Forward Voltage	Red				2.0	2.4	V
F	Pure Green	IF = 20mA	VF		3.2	3.6	
	Blue				3.2	3.6	
Reverse Current		VR =5V	IR			10	uA
Luminous Intensity Red				170			
F	Pure Green	IF = 20mA	lv		480		mcd
	Blue				75		
Wavelength	Red				625		
	Pure Green	IF = 20mA	λD		525		nm
	Blue				470		
Viewing Angle		IF = 20mA	20 1/2		150		deg

Absolute Maximum Ratings(Ta= $25^{\circ}C$)

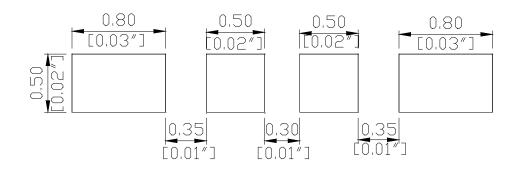
Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Power dissipation	Pd	111	mW
Forward current	lf	30	mA
Reverse voltage	VR	5	V
Operating temperature range	Тор	-40 ~+80	°C
Storage temperature range	Tstg	-40 ~+85	°C
Peak pulsing current (1/8 duty f=1kHz)	IFP	125	mA



PACKAGING DIMENSIONS



RECOMMEND PAD LAYOUT





Typical Electro-Qptical Characteristics Curve: for Red

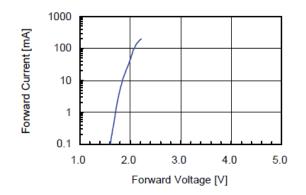
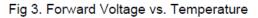


Fig 1. Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage



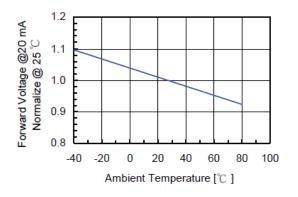


Fig 5. Relative Intensity vs. Wavelength

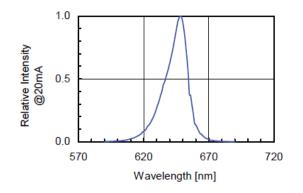


Fig 2. Relative Intensity vs. Forward Current

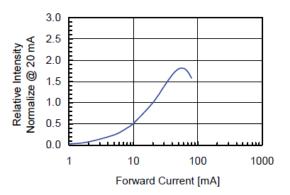
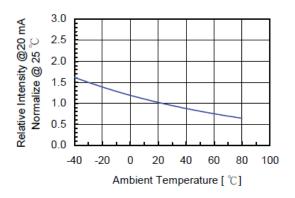


Fig 4. Relative Intensity vs. Temperature





Typical Electro-Optical Characteristics Curve: for Pure Green

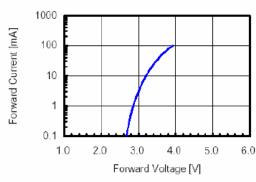


Fig 1. Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage



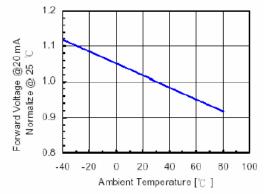


Fig 5.Relative Intensity vs. Wavelength

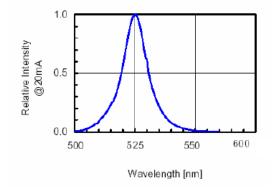


Fig 2. Relative Intensity vs. Forward Current

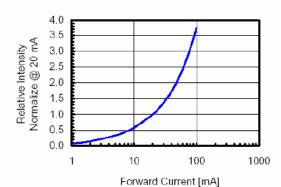
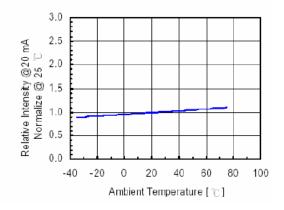


Fig 4. Relative Intensity vs. Temperature





Typical Electro-Qptical Characteristics Curve: for Blue

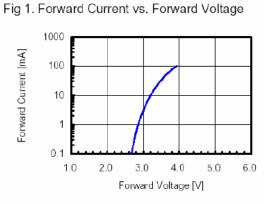


Fig 3. Forward Voltage vs. Temperature

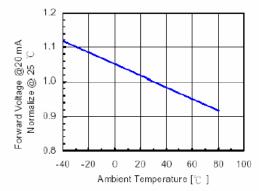


Fig 5.Relative Intensity vs. Wavelength

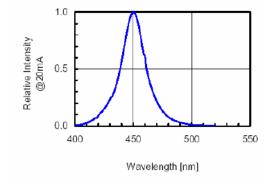


Fig 2. Relative Intensity vs. Forward Current

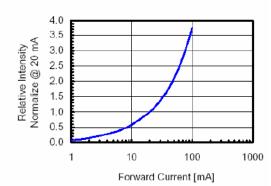
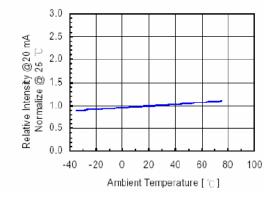


Fig 4. Relative Intensity vs. Temperature





Precautions For Use :

Over - current - proof

Customer must apply resistors for protection, otherwise slight voltage shift will cause big current change (Burn out will happen)

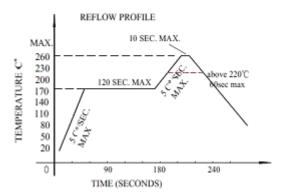
Storage

1. The operation of temperature and R.H. are $: 5^{\circ}$ C $\sim 30^{\circ}$ C, 60° R.H. Max.

- 2. Once the package is opened, the products should be used within a week. Otherwise, they should be kept in a dampproof box with desiccating regent. Considering the tape life, we suggest our customers to use our products within 1.5 year (from production date).
- 3. It's recommended to bake before soldering when the package is unsealed after 72 hrs. The condition is : $60^{\circ}C\pm 5^{\circ}C$ for 15 hrs.

■ Reflow Temp/Time

Temperature-profile (Surface of circuit board) Use the following conditions shown in the figure.



NOTES:

- 1. We recommend the reflow temperature $245^{\circ}C(\pm 5^{\circ}C)$.the maximum soldering temperature should be limited to $260^{\circ}C$.
- 2. dont cause stress to the epoxy resin while it is exposed to high temperature.
- 3. Number of reflow process shall be 2 times or less.

■Soldering iron

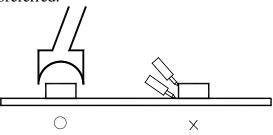
Basic spec is \leq 5sec when 260°C. If temperature is higher, time should be shorter

 $(+10^{\circ}C \rightarrow -1 \text{sec})$. Power dissipation of iron should be smaller than 20W, and temperatures should be controllable .Surface temperature of the device should be under $230^{\circ}C$.



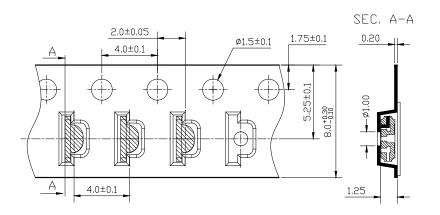
■Rework

- 1. Customer must finish rework within 5 sec under 260° C.
- 2. The head of iron can not touch copper foil
- 3. Twin-head type is preferred.





Dimensions of Tape (Unit: mm)



Arrangement of Tape

