



YETDA INDUSTRY LTD.

Technical Data Sheet

MODEL NO : 776UR/ANG4-G

3528 Package 2.8*3.2mm Chip LEDs

Features :

- Compatible with automatic placement equipment
- Compatible with reflow solder process

Applications :

- Indicators
- Automotive : backlighting in dashboard and switch
- Backlight for LCD

Dice material	Emitted color	Lens Color
AlGaInP/GaAs	Red	Water transparent
InGaN	Pure-green	

Electrical/Optical Characteristics(Ta=25°C)

Parameter	Test Condition	Symbol		Value			Unit
				Min	Typ	Max	
Dominant wavelength	I _F =20mA	λ _D	R	615	620	630	nm
			G	520	525	530	
Forward voltage	I _F =20mA	V _F	R	1.7	2.0	2.5	V
			G	2.8	3.1	3.7	
Luminous intensity	I _F =20mA	I _v	R	400	600	1250	mcd
			G	400	750	1250	
Viewing angle at 50% I _v	I _F =20mA	2θ 1/2	R	120			Deg
			G				
Reverse current	V _R =5V	I _R	R	10			μA
			G				

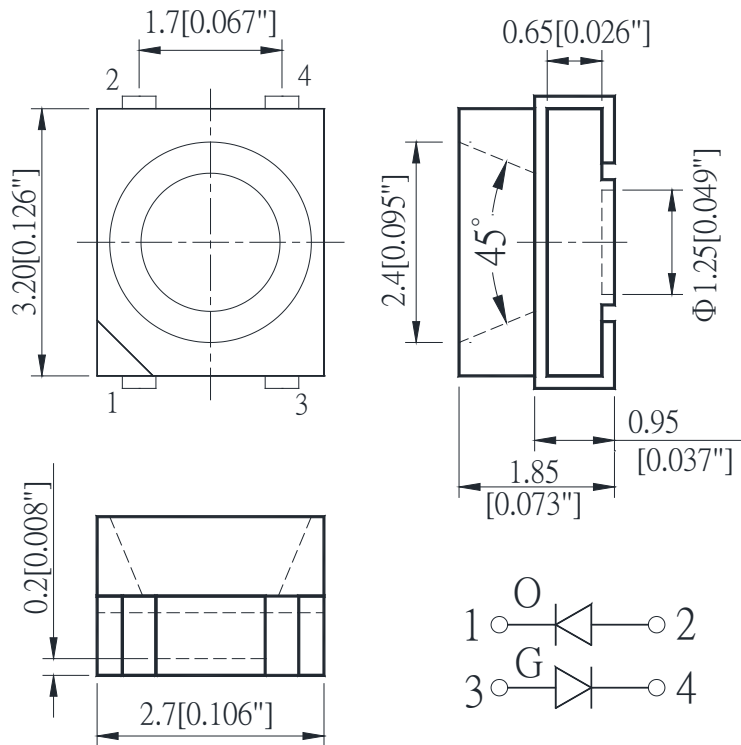


YETDA INDUSTRY LTD.

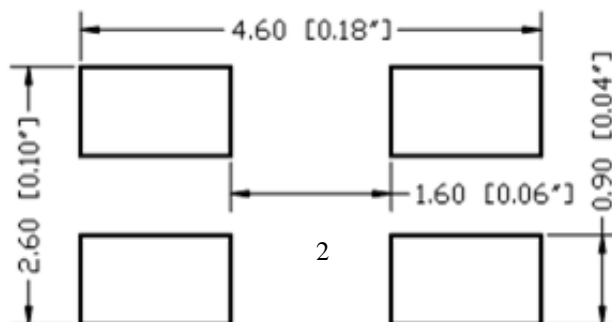
Absolute Maximum Ratings(Ta=25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Value		Unit
		R	G	
Power dissipation	Pd	75	111	mW
Forward current	I _F	30		mA
Reverse voltage	V _R	5		V
Operating temperature range	T _{op}	-40 ~+80		°C
Storage temperature range	T _{stg}	-40 ~+85		°C
Peak pulsing current (1/8 duty f=1kHz)	I _{FP}	125		mA

PACKAGING DIMENSIONS



RECOMMEND PAD LAYOUT





Typical Electro-Optical Characteristics Curve: Green

Fig 1. Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage

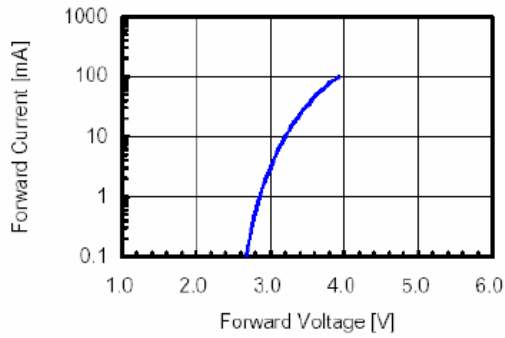


Fig 2. Relative Intensity vs. Forward Current

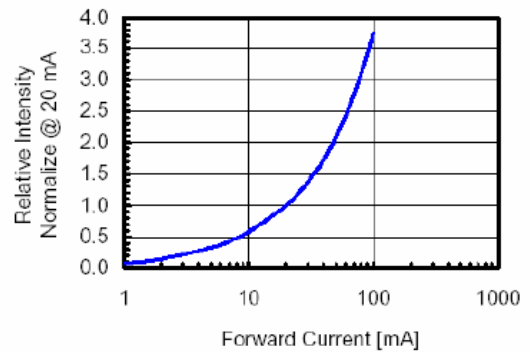


Fig 3. Forward Voltage vs. Temperature

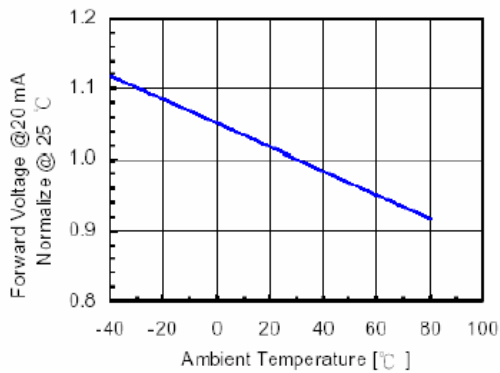


Fig 4. Relative Intensity vs. Temperature

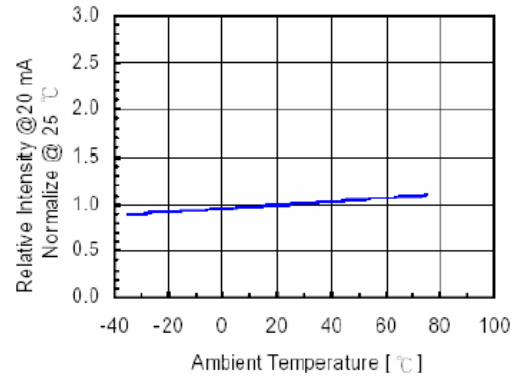
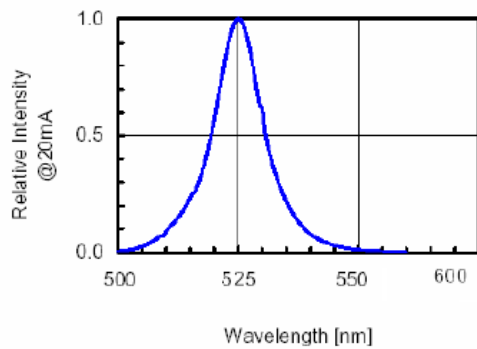


Fig 5. Relative Intensity vs. Wavelength





YETDA INDUSTRY LTD.

Typical Electro-Optical Characteristics Curve: Red

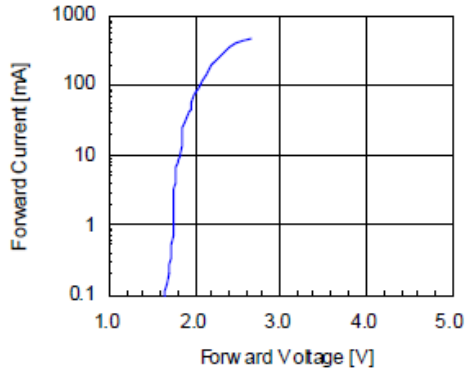


Fig 3. Forward Voltage vs. Temperature

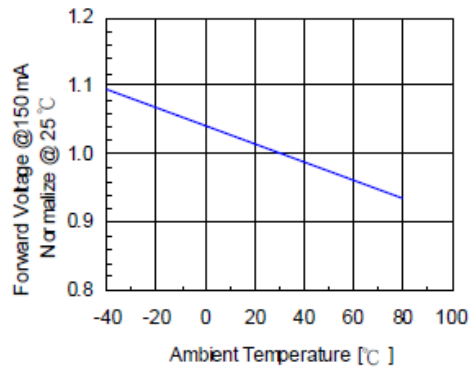


Fig 5. Relative Intensity vs. Wavelength

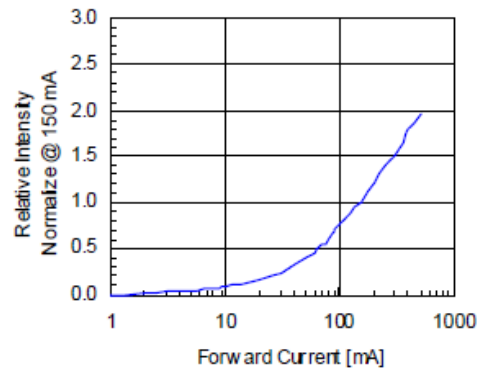
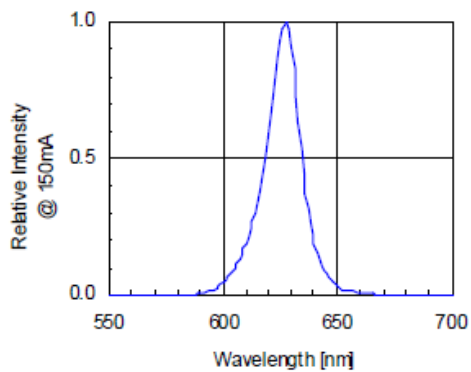
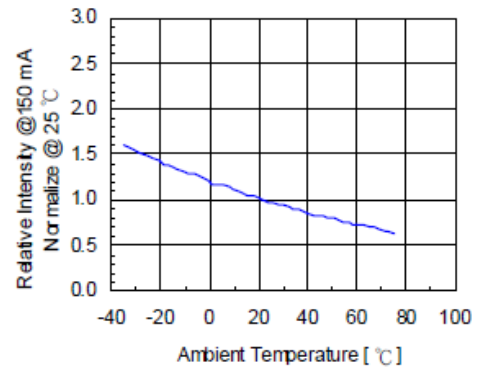


Fig 4. Relative Intensity vs. Temperature





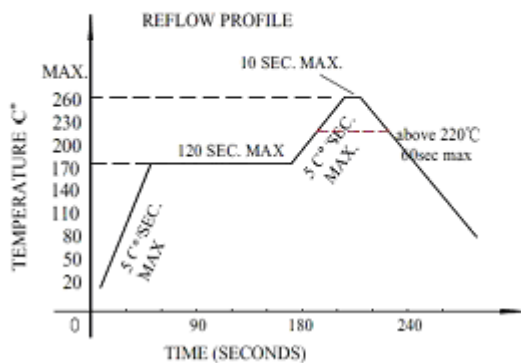
YETDA INDUSTRY LTD.

Precautions For Use :
Over - current - proof
Customer must apply resistors for protection, otherwise slight voltage shift will cause big current change (Burn out will happen)
Storage
1. The operation of temperature and R.H. are : $5^{\circ}\text{C} \sim 30^{\circ}\text{C}$, 60%R.H. Max.
2. Once the package is opened, the products should be used within a week. Otherwise, they should be kept in a dampproof box with desiccating regent. Considering the tape life, we suggest our customers to use our products within 1.5 year (from production date) .
3. It's recommended to bake before soldering when the package is unsealed after 72 hrs. The condition is : $60^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 5^{\circ}\text{C}$ for 15hrs.

■ Reflow Temp/Time

■ Temperature-profile (Surface of circuit board)

Use the following conditions shown in the figure.



NOTES:

1. We recommend the reflow temperature $245^{\circ}\text{C} (\pm 5^{\circ}\text{C})$. the maximum soldering temperature should be limited to 260°C .
2. dont cause stress to the epoxy resin while it is exposed to high temperature.
3. Number of reflow process shall be 2 times or less.

■Soldering iron

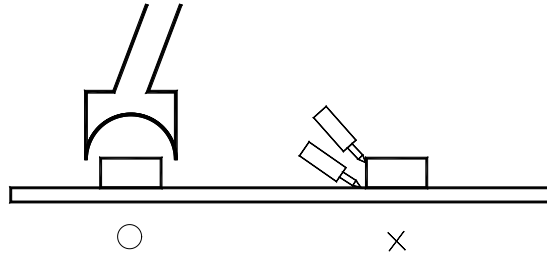
Basic spec is $\leq 5\text{sec}$ when 260°C . If temperature is higher, time should be shorter ($+10^{\circ}\text{C} \rightarrow -1\text{sec}$). Power dissipation of iron should be smaller than 20W, and temperatures should be controllable. Surface temperature of the device should be under 230°C .

■Rework

1. Customer must finish rework within 5 sec under 260°C .
2. The head of iron can not touch copper foil
3. Twin-head type is preferred.



YETDA INDUSTRY LTD.



■ Avoid rubbing or scraping the resin by any object, during high temperature, for example reflow 、 solder etc.

■ Feeding Direction

■ Dimensions of Reel (Unit: mm)

