YETDA INDUSTRY LTD.

FOUR PINS Ultra Bright Blue LED Lamp S114TB4U

Ultra B i sht Blue Dice。 Encapsulated with Water Clear Package。

Absolute Maximum Ratings:

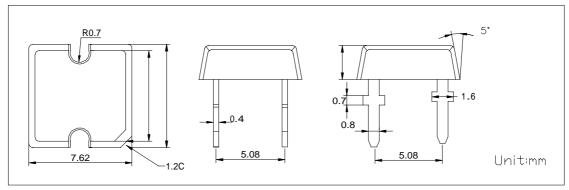
Tipporate maximum ratings.	1		
Parameter	Maximum Rating	Unit	
Peak Forward Current	120	mA	
Continuous Forward Current	30	mA	
Operating Temperature Range	- 20 to	+ 75	
Storage Temperature Range	- 40 to	+ 100	
Lead Soldering Temperature	260 for 3	3 seconds	
	1.6mm(0.063 inch) from body		

Electro-Optical Characteristics (Ta = 25)

Parameter Radiant	Test Condition	Symbo	l Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Forward Voltage	If = 20mA	Vf	3.0		3.6	V
Reverse Current	Vr = 5V	Ir			10	uA
Luminous flux	If = 20mA	Iv	300	450		lm
Spectral Bandwidth	If = 20mA	V				nm
Wavelength	If = 20mA	р	465		475	nm
		d				nm
Half View Angle	If = 20mA	2 θ1/2		120		deg

Package

Item: 114



■ Reliability Performance

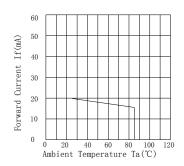
Test Items And Result

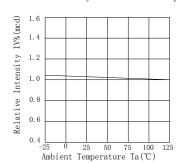
Test Classification	Test Item	Test Conditions	Test Duration	Sample Size	AC/RE
Life Test	Room Temperature DC Operating Life Test	Ta=25°C±5°C,IF=20mA	1000 hrs	22 pcs	0/1
Environment Test	Thermal Shock Test	-10°C±5°C ←→+ 100°C±5°C 5min. 10sec. 5min.	50 cycles	22 pcs	0/1
	Temperature Cycle Test	-40°C±5°C →+85 °C±5°C 30min. 5min. 30min.	50 cycles	22 pcs	0/1
	High Temperature $\&$ High Humidity Test	Ta=85°C±5°C RH =85%±5 %RH	1000 hrs	22 pcs	0/1
	High Temperature Storage	Ta=100℃±5℃	1000 hrs	22 pcs	0/1
	Low Temperature Storage	Ta=-55°C ±5°C	1000 hrs	22 pcs	0/1
Mechanical Test	Resistance to Soldering Heat	Ta=230℃±5℃	5sec.	22 pcs	0/1
	Lead Integrity	Load 2.5N(0.25kgf) 0° ~ 90° ~0°	3times	22 pcs	0/1

Typical Optical/Electrical Characteristics Curves

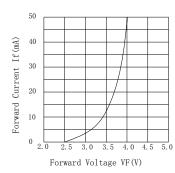
(Ta=25[°]C Unless Otherwise Noted)

Forward Current vs. Ambient Temperature Relative Intensity vs. Ambient Temperature

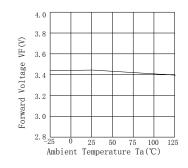


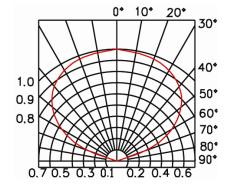


Forward Current vs.Forward Voltage

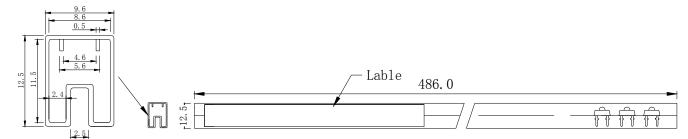


Forward Voltage vs. Ambient Temperature





Package means



Notes: Each Adhesive Pipe 60pcs.

Soldering:

1. Manual Of Soldering

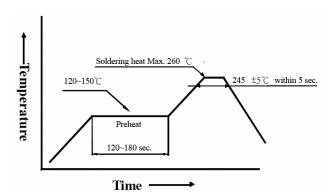
The temperature of the iron tip should not be higher than $260^{\circ}\text{C}(500^{\circ}\text{F})$ and Soldering within 3 seconds per solder-land is to be observed.

2. DIP soldering (Wave Soldering):

Preheating:120°C~150°C, within 120~180 sec.

Operation heating:245 ℃±5 ℃ within 5 sec.260 ℃ (Max)

Gradual Cooling (Avoid quenching).



Handling:

Care must be taken not to cause to the epoxy resin portion of LED while it is exposed to high temperature. Care must be taken not rub the epoxy resin portion of LED with hard or sharp article such as the sand blast and the metal hook.

Care must be taken there should be more than 3mm from jointing point to the epoxy resin.

Notes for designing:

Care must be taken to provide the current limiting resistor in the circuit so as to drive the LED within the rated figures .Also caution should be taken not to overload LED with exorbitant voltage at the turning ON and OFF of the circuit.

When using the pulse drive care must be taken to keep the average current within the rated figures .Also the circuit should be designed so as be subjected to reverse voltage when turning off the LED.

Storage:

In order to avoid the absorption of moisture . it is recommended to solder LED as soon as possible after unpacking the sealed envelope.

If the envelope is still packed to store it in the environment as following:

Temperature: -5° C \sim 45 $^{\circ}$ C (23 $^{\circ}$ F \sim 113 $^{\circ}$ F) Humidity: RH 60% Max.